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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/645,169	08/19/2003	Chul-Ju Hwang	TJK/408	7621
26689	7590 06/22/2004		EXAMINER	
WILDMAN, HARROLD, ALLEN & DIXON			CHEN, BRET P	
225 WEST WACKER DRIVE CHICAGO, IL 60606			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1762	

DATE MAILED: 06/22/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/645,169	HWANG ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
<u></u>		B. Chen	1762			
7 Period for F	The MAILING DATE of this communication app Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
THE MA - Extension after SIX - If the per - If NO per - Failure to Any reply	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY ILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. IN of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is independent of the communication of the reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply it independent of the reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, a received by the Office later than three months after the mailing attent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timwithin the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)∐ R	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a)∐ Th	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
-	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
clo	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition	of Claims					
4)⊠ CI	aim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)∏ CI	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ CI	aim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.					
·	aim(s) is/are objected to.	•				
8) <u></u> CI	aim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Application	Papers		•			
9)∐ Th	e specification is objected to by the Examiner	•				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>19 August 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Re	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)∐ Th	e oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
,	 a)					
	Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3.	_	• •				
·	application from the International Bureau	*				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attont- 41						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of	References Cited (PTO-892)	4) T Interview Summers	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Informati	on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) o(s)/Mail Date <u>4- れ</u> い	5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)			
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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-3 are pending in this application. The preliminary amendment dated 8/18/03 canceling claims 4-14 is noted.

Priority

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and **generally limited to a single paragraph** on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Applicant is reminded of the proper content of an abstract of the disclosure.

A patent abstract is a concise statement of the technical disclosure of the patent and should include that which is new in the art to which the invention pertains. If the patent is of a basic nature, the entire technical disclosure may be new in the art, and the abstract should be directed to the entire disclosure. If the patent is in the nature of an improvement in an old apparatus, process, product, or composition, the abstract should include the technical disclosure of the improvement. In certain patents, particularly those for compounds and compositions, wherein the process for making and/or the use thereof are not obvious, the abstract should set forth a process for making and/or use thereof. If the new technical disclosure involves modifications or alternatives, the abstract should mention by way of example the preferred modification or alternative.

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The abstract should not refer to purported merits or speculative applications of the invention and should not compare the invention with the prior art.

Where applicable, the abstract should include the following:

- (1) if a machine or apparatus, its organization and operation;
- (2) if an article, its method of making;
- (3) if a chemical compound, its identity and use;
- (4) if a mixture, its ingredients;
- (5) if a process, the steps.

Extensive mechanical and design details of apparatus should not be given.

It is noted that the claimed invention is directed to a method and that the abstract contains two paragraphs. The examiner suggests amending the abstract by deleting the second paragraph to solve the content and language objections to the abstract.

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

It is noted that the claimed invention is directed solely to a method. The examiner suggests amending the title to reflect same.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out

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the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gadgil et al. (5,879,459) or Hyun et al. (6,042,652). Gadgil discloses a method of coating substrates in the manufacture of semiconductor devices by atomic layer deposition (col.1 lines 6-9) in which an atomic layer deposition reactor having a low-profile body with a substrate processing region adapted to serve a planar array of substrates is utilized (col.3 lines 5-11). The body has an inlet adapted for injecting a gas or vapor at the first end, and an exhaust exit adapted for evacuating gas and vapor at the second end (col.4 lines 42-50) and in another embodiment there may be additional injectors (col.6 lines 10-16).

Hyun discloses a method of depositing a thin film on a plurality of substrates by atomic layer deposition (ALD) (col.1 lines 8-11) in which the apparatus includes: a vacuum chamber, a reactor installed in the vacuum chamber, having a plurality of modules which can be assembled and disassembled as desired, a plurality of stages as spaces partitioned by assembling the plurality of modules, and openings which allow each stage to receive one substrate; a gas supply portion installed in the reactor, for supplying reaction gases and a purging gas to the reactor; and a plurality of gas supply lines installed in the modules, for injecting the gases from the gas supply portion into the stages (col.2 line 59 – col.3 line 4). However, the prior art references fail to specifically teach reaction cells.

It is noted that both references set aside an area in which reaction takes place. It is the examiner's position that one skilled in the art after reading the cited references would be motivated to utilize a cell in order to concentrate the reaction in order to produce a more efficient

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reaction. Hence, it would have been obvious to the skilled artisan to utilize a reaction cell with the expectation of obtaining a more cost-effective reaction.

The limitations of claims 2-3 have been addressed above.

Kwan et al. (6,528,430), Kim et al. (6,391,803), and Doering et al. (6,174,377) has been cited as relevant art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to B. Chen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1417. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shrive Beck can be reached on (571) 272-1415. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Bc 6/20/04

BRET CHEN
PRIMARY EXAMINER